SUMMER TUTORIALS

MS. MENA



GRAMMAR HOMEWORK



Name	Date	Practice	(1)	

Sentences and Sentence Fragments

REMEMBER THE RULES

- · A sentence is a group of words that tells a complete thought. Many kinds of plants and animals thrive in deserts.
- · Every sentence begins with a capital letter and ends with a punctuation mark.
- · A sentence fragment is a group of words that does not tell a complete thought and cannot stand alone. Many kinds of plants.
- A. Circle sentence or sentence fragment for each group of words.

1.	Last year, Felicia visited the desert.	sentence	sentence fragment
2.	She recorded her feelings in a journal.	sentence	sentence fragment
3.	A list of desert plants.	sentence	sentence fragment
4.	There were many kinds of cactuses.	sentence	sentence fragment
5,	Felicia liked one called the prickly pear.	sentence	sentence fragment
6.	Beautiful blooms on some of the cactuses.	sentence	sentence fragment
7.	No leaves on most of the cactuses.	sentence	sentence fragment
8,	Wrote down the desert animals.	sentence	sentence fragment
9.	Drew sketches of some of the animals.	sentence	sentence fragment

B. Choose words from the box to make each fragment a sentence. Write the words on the line.

10. Her journal helps her remember the trip.

- 11. Felicia was especially Their ears interested in the jackrabbits. by eating cactuses **Jackrabbits** 12. Jackrabbits are the fastest is 40 miles per hour rabbits in America. Felicia is 40 miles per hour 13. Their fastest speed Their ears _ can be eight inches long.
- 15. They get water by eating cactuses

sentence

sentence fragment

GRAMMAR HOMEWORK



Name	Date	Practice	(2)

Declarative and Interrogative Sentences

REMEMBER THE RULES

- A declarative sentence makes a statement. It ends with a period. (.) I would like to go to a parade.
- An interrogative sentence asks a question. It ends with a question mark. (?) Have you ever watched a parade?
- A. Tell whether each sentence is declarative or interrogative. Circle your answer.
 - declarative interrogative I remember being in a parade on the Fourth of July.
- 2. I was on a float, dressed as Thomas Jefferson.
- 3. Why is Jefferson important in America's history?
- 4. Did he write the Declaration of Independence?
- I held a guill and pretended I was writing.
- 6. My friend was dressed as Benjamin Franklin.
- 7. Franklin had a printing business in Philadelphia.
- 8. Have you heard about his experiments with electricity?
- Franklin helped write the Declaration of Independence.
- 10. Who else helped write the Declaration?
- B. Fix each sentence. Add a period or question mark.
- 11. Do you know why the Declaration was written?
- 12. How many British colonies were there in America ?
- 13. The Declaration was written on parchment.
- 14. Who signed the Declaration of Independence ?
- 15. Today it is kept in a sealed case to protect it

declarative interrogative

interrogative declarative

declarative interrogative

declarative interrogative

declarative interrogative

declarative interrogative

interrogative declarative

declarative interrogative

declarative interrogative



GRAMMAR HOMEWORK



Name	Date	Practice 3

Imperative and Exclamatory Sentences

REMEMBER THE RULES

- An imperative sentence gives a command or makes a request. It ends with a period. (.) Listen to the sounds of a rain storm.
- An exclamatory sentence expresses strong feeling. It ends with an exclamation mark. (!) How different the sounds are!
- A. Tell whether each sentence is imperative or exclamatory. Circle your answer.
 - 1. Come see my science exhibit. imperative
 - 2. Watch how I make rain. imperative exclamatory

 - 4. What a lot of rain! imperative exclamatory
 - 5. Oh, now there's a flood! imperative exclamatory
 - 6. How powerful water can be! imperative exclamatory
 - 7. Follow the path of the moving water. imperative exclamatory
 - 8. Notice what happens to the soil. imperative exclamatory
 - 9. Look at the houses. imperative exclamatory
- 10. How dangerous a flood is! imperative exclamatory
- B. Fix each sentence. Add a period or an exclamation mark.
- 11. Listen to the recording I made
- 12. How noisy rushing water is .
- 13. Tell me what you think of my exhibit .
- 14. What fun I had at the science fair !
- 15. How exciting it was to win a blue ribbon !

exclamatory

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Paragraph of the Week

Level 1

Over the course of this week, you will be writing a paragraph. You will choose a topic (within the given parameters) and will brainstorm, draft, and write a complete paragraph. Be sure to use all that we have learned in class when writing this paragraph. So let's get started!

Monday

DISREGARD DAY OF WEEK--THIS IS STEP 1 Brainstorm all that you know about a trip that you have taken. This could be as simple as going to the store with your mom, or something bigger like a trip to Guatemala. Be sure to include every detail you can think of about the trip.

My trip to....

DISNEYLAND

DISNEY WORLD

LAST SUMMER

MY PARENTS, SISTER, AND GRANDPARENTS

TWO WEEKS

LOVED THE FOOD.

MY SISTER AND I ALMOST GOT LOST

MY PARENTS FOUND US RIGHT AWAY

WE PLAN TO GO BACK VERY SOON.

I HOPE MY GRANDPARENTS CAN JOIN US AGAIN.



Plot is the series of events that make up a story. Plots have five main parts that always take place in the same order: beginning (where exposition, or setting and characters are introduced), rising action, climax (the most exciting part), falling action, and resolution.



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0OBybFu2I

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=N
pWHZJZQDSE

Put the Plot in Order

PLOT

To the teacher: Cut out each plot action card and mix them up. The student puts the cards in the correct order,

The nurse helps
George into
the office.

Beth comes out and says hello to George.

George leaves his house.

George walks to Beth's house.

Beth runs to the school office for help.

George gets ready to walk to school.

Beth and George walk to school.

George falls on the icy school steps.



Put the Plot in Order

PLOT

To the teacher: Cut out each plot action card and mix them up. The student puts the cards in the correct order.

George gets ready to walk to school.

George leaves his house.

George walks to Beth's house. Beth comes out and says hello to George.

Beth and George walk to school.

George falls on the icy school steps.

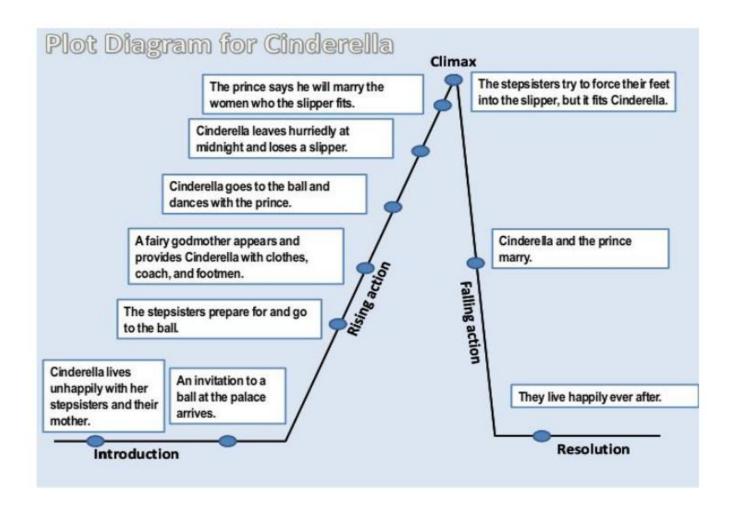
Beth runs to the school office for help.

The nurse helps
George into
the office.



Name:	Plot Diagram	Climax: The turning point of the story.
Author:		
Main Characters:	Rising Action: Series of main events which lead to the climax.	Falling Action: Events that follow the climax. Logical result of climax.
Setting: Time and Place		
1		Resolution: Outcome of the conflict.
Exposition: A brief introduction of the characters, setting, and opening situation.	Conflict: Struggle between opposing forces. The problem in the story.	
		Theme: Author's message. (Sentence)







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Choose one of the following stories and then create a plot chart:

- 1. The Three Little Pigs
- 2. Goldilocks and the Three Bears
- 3. Frozen I
- 4. Despicable Me I



Name: Title of story:	Plot Diagram	Climax: The turning point of the story.
Author:		-
Main Characters:	Rising Action: Series of main events which lead to the climax.	Falling Action: Events that follow the
		climax. Logical result of climax.
Setting: Time and Place 1 2	/	Resolution: Outcome of the conflict.
Exposition: A brief introduction of	Conflict: Struggle between opposing	
the characters, setting, and opening situation.	forces. The problem in the story.	Theme: Author's message. (Sentence)
		Theme Address message. (Schience)

JOURNAL WRITING

TOPICS: Admiration and Famous People

Admiration

Write about someone who has a profession that you admire. What do you find inspiring about his or her job?

Famous People

If you could be any famous person for a day, who would you want to be? Why?

